

Personal Mention

Miss born Mortes n is now engaged as bookkeeper in the Pioneer

Mr. W. A. Johnson of the Citizens bank has purchased the Frank Fleisig

Mrs. Henry Meier went to San Luis last Friday to attend the funeral of hers will not have to fear a shortage Will Enos her neice's husband. .

John Hardie of Pase Robles spent Saturday at his ranch in the Adelaida section.

Ernst and Merit Graves spent the past week at Adelaida.

Travis Littlefield received his discliarge from the army and the next day was on the job of driving the stage from Paso Robles to Adelaida.

Mr. and Mrs. Melgard have taken rooms in the Glass apartments.

Virgil Brewster has returned from San Francisco and will make his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rutherford are here visiting Mrs. Rutherford's moth-

Mrs. Bert Myers died in San Luis Obispo Wednesday morning. Mr. Bert Myers is a brother of Mrs. John Hardie of Paso Robles.

Born-In Adelaida to the wife of J. T. Frazier, Jan. 20th, a son, Richard Wilson.

Mrs. D. W. Burnett and her daughter, Miss Edna, have moved into R. E. Bowen's residence on north

A report got started around the streets that Walter Lovegren had succumbed to the influenza. We have it on excellent authority that while Walter did have the flu, he has recovered and will soon be as well as

Ralph Hilton who recently return-through direct shipments from farm ed from France and was discharged to table? with a large number of the boys has been at home visiting his home folks fe. several days past, left for the Santa Maria oil fields Thursday aftermon where he will again engage in the matter of drilling for oil.

Mrs A J. Peaty we letto Rerkeley las' Priday to visit her raughters Misa Faye and Mis Ruth. The two girl street to the southwest corne: a record of hundreds of former boys' the very boys who are to develop into will good ave Berkeley to Vallej of the new Tayler Hotel where what is more to their credit, paying substantial producers of the future to continue neir stulies.

Roo', and a member of the firm of central California, Keniston & Reof of Los Angeles was in town Sunday visiting his brother ree and family Sidney formerly

of Ed. Burres decea meyof this place i very low with influenza and it is score-ly expected she will

his seat as Supervisor, died last weet Miss Flegel as director and instructor. and the funeral took place last Sunday Others will join the class soon. and was very largely attented by the people of troyo Grande.

Mrs. J. P. Johnson, a former resi dent of Paso Robles and her son ing. There was an enrollment of 21 Kenneth of Pero came to Paso Robles in this department under the manage-Thursday of last week on business. They expect to remain for about two

Mrs. W. D. Wood left here Friday last for Santa Parbara. Her brother- formed us that her step-father. James in-law, Charles Phaenix, was very ill, Smallman a former resident of Paso and Saturday he massed to the great Robles had died the 19th of Nov. A beyond. His brother's wife died in number of years ago he was a resi-Taft at her home recently.

The planting of walnut trees on the farms, however, is not a movement to raise gunstocks for another war.

There can be no monotony these days when everything costs a penny more and life is so full of change,

A "Made-in-America" movement is to be started. One such exhibit which should lend the rest is world pence.

The hard coal output was less than last year. Is this another way of breaking news of another advance?

Now that the war is over, bank robof explosives for use in their line.

Much more sympathy for the hungry is being expressed in Germany, now that it is Germans who are hungry.

Steffansson says seal ment is equaly palatable cooked or raw. Without a doubt, Vilhjalmar, without a doubt.

urday to drive his team 14 miles to town and back, butter sold at 20 cents.

An American Indian girl is attracta

ing a great deal of attention in London, she's so different from the movie With this world conference on, those

argument for their universal lan-No single force worked harder to help win the war than the hens, and

Esperanto boys ought to have a swell

now they are trying to make peace Perhaps Marshal Foch could have taken the entire German army had he

so desired, but who wants the entire German army? It is hoped that all the bachelor fighting men will be permitted to re-

His early discussion indicates that Doctor Solf regards unconditional surrender as only a prelude to a long conversational struggle.

tain their uniforms and side arms-for

marrying purposes.

What, one might ask, has become of the old-fashioned parcels post which was to reduce the cost of living

One candid young officer in the German army admits that the high comie solemnly added, not

will in a few

A few days since City Manager W.W. Hughes dsicovered that a culvert on resided in Estrella and farmed there Thirteenth street was filled up and in Mis: Marguerite Purnes, daughte cleaning it out he found roots over 60

NIGHT SCHOOL

The night school which began Mon-W. E. Hixon, Supervisor Ecc., who day evening with a class of 31 pupils move modern business methods been and orderliness in land possessed is was so ill 'har ne was unab's to take in the Nurse Course, presided over by

> The Gym Class started held first class Tuesday evening. This class meets in the Grammar School buildment of Miss Smale.

The Commercial Class is under the management of Prof. Clarke.

dent of Paso Robles.



BOYS' CLUBS TEACH THRIFT AND INDUSTRY AND HELP TO MAKE PROGRESSIVE FARMERS



Club Members Learn More Than Principles of Agriculture.

When it took a farmer all day Sat- (Prepared by the United States Depart- ties, a common custom—the kind of ment of Agriculture.)

Agricultural production is not the sum total of achievement by members of boys' clubs in the South. Those youngsters below the Mason-Dixon line raise good crops; also, they raise fine baby beeves and standard pigs. Their sheep are of accredited breeds; their poultry is of the better types; and the gardens they cultivate are model gardens, many of them yielding very worth-while produce. In dollars and cents, the result of those boys' efforts annually mounts up to many thouands; in food supply it is of incalulable value to the 15 Southern states. But this is only part of the story—a are enumeration of some of the aclivities of those Southern lads. The

other part is, or should be, more interesting, for it deals with intangible commodities-character, high ideals, educational aspirations, civic pridevolved from and developed through the training received in boys' clubs. In its effort to strengthen the agricultural extension organization the United States department of agriculture cites some instances to show the benefis of the boys' club work in the

Sonds and Bank Accounts. In Texas are 1,000 boys receiving higher e ult of club memb here are 20,000 club boys in that ate who hought Liberty bonds, War Savings and Thrift' stamps. The same number elong to the Red Cross, and 2,000 have bank accounts. Members of the boys' clubs in Oklahoma, over 13,000, own war securities amounting to \$112,818. Their bank deposits total 500 club members who have bank accounts. Many own lands and several it is being done in the only way posoffice from Park hundred are in colleges. Arkansas has he will have one of the most their tultion with money earned from Mr. i ney Root, a brother of George | commodious real estate offices in the sale of of their agricultural products and prizes won in agricultural

> contests. have developed college professors, in- members are taught habits of thrift structor in agricultural schools-men and industry. They are shown the overlooked by those young husband- inculcated in them, that they may have bers, and the use of banking facili- cry's development.

banking, by the way, where the character and industry of the borrowers form the major part of the security. In this connection the testimony of the president of a bank in Mississippi is corroborative, Says he: "So far as my information goes, there is not a single piece of bad paper in the state as a result of loans to club boys." These instances are taken at random.

The influence club boys exert upon their fathers and upon the farmers in their neighborhoods is very marked. state and county agents say. It is the kind of influence that, through practical demonstration, turns skeptics into converts; that makes progressive farmers out of "the-old-way-is-goodenough-for-me" types.

Influence of the Clubs.

But extension agents are not the only ones who note these transforma tions. Men of affairs have observed them, and right ready are they to tell of civic improvements, better schools more active churches, marked increase in the demand for better merchandise new business enterprises, pride in the appearance of their buildings, home grounds, the family acres, and a high er type of community morale—all brought about by boys' clubs and community co-operation.

Increased production, stimulation in every line of agricultural endeavor for the immediate and continued prosperity of their section is one of the im portant functions of boys' club worl in the South. This is being accomplished by instruction and demonstration in correct agricultural methods by the extension service of the United \$67,931.86. Also West Virginia has 1,- States department of agriculture and the state agricultural colleges. And sible—through the organized efforts of progressive farmers and become the However, quite as important a function of this work is the all-round development of the boys themselves Great stress is laid upon this. Through A number of the Southern clubs the agency of these boys' clubs, the who learned the scientific method of real value of high character, the adfarming and gained their experience vantages of education, the possibilities feet long and between two and three in boys' clubs. Many club members of leadership, the dignity of labor, the inches thick.'

"We have importance of co-operation in civic afhundreds of club members that are fairs and respect for others' rights. officers in the United States army," The creditable desire for independwrites a Mississippi state agent. Nor ence, for land ownership and beauty men. In some of the states co-opera the privilege of remaining upon the tive buying, selling and marketing is very soil that nurtured them and bethe regular practice of boys' club mem- ome important factors in their coun-

JOINTWORM IS MOST DESTRUCTIVE ENEMY in the field of lodged plants.

in Eastern States.

Small Grub Lives in Stems of Wheat, Sucking Juices of Plant-May Be Controlled by Plowing Stubble Deeply.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) The most destructive enemy of wheat, next to the Hessian fly, in the wheat states east of the Mississippi river and in parts of Missouri is the wheat jointworm. It is a very small grub which lives in the stems of wheat, sucking the juices of the plant and causing a swelling in the stem, Although this insect is sometimes more serious than the Hessian fly, occasionally causing complete destruct tion, very little is done at present to control its depredations. The insect has a number of natural enemies, but these should not be relied upon: Fortunately the jointworm attacks only wheat, which fact suggests one of the most reliable control measures, that of substituting crops. In the south. ern part of the Eastern wheat belt the insect may be controlled by plowing wheat stubble deeply after harvest when this does not interfere with the growing of red clover and grass,

The egg from which the jointworm hatches is laid in the stem by an insect resembling a small black ant with wings. When a wheat plant first becomes infected no outward sign may appear. The presence of the worm can be detected when the plant is nearly mature by examining the inside of the stem, usually just above the second or third joint from the ground, Sometimes the point of infestation is very noticeable, there being wart-

like swellings on the stem. Another very good indication is the presence n the field of a number of fallen or

The larvae of this insect remain in the cld stubble until November or De-Mrs. T. C. Jameson of Salinas in- Pest Ranks Next to Hessian Fly cember, when about 90 per cent of them change to the pupa stage. In this form large numbers are winter-killed in the Northern states, but severe weather also kills their natural enemies. Without the assistance of numerous parasitic enemies of the jointworm, wheat growing in the Eastern states of necessity would have been abandoned or the growers forced to adopt effective control measures, say department specialists.

When fall plowing is practiced the stubble containing the pest is buried deeply, thus preventing the insect from emerging the following spring. Whenever this method is adopted the badly infested wheat should be cut high, so that the greater majority of the jointworms will be left on the field in the old stubble and may be turned under and destroyed. In southern Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee and other Southern and Southeastern states where double-cropping systems are in general use, it is possible to plow under the stubble without interfering with the cropping system. Where this is not practicable, as is sometimes the case in the more Northern states, substitute crops, such as rye, barley or buckwheat should be grown on heavily infested areas.

BETTER ROADS IN LOUISIANA

State to Spend \$4,674,000 in Making Improvements and Maintenance During Year.

According to figures complled in the office of the state highway engineer, \$4,074,000 will be spent on road improvement in Louisiana in 1919 in the constructing of 753 miles of highway and maintenance of 470 miles already completed.

Feed a bolsheviki and he will curl up by the fire and purr.

There is also the problem of inducting woman war workers back into civil

Groaning heavily, the pale geographers prepare to take up the white man's

The U-boats failed in everything except acquiring for all time the name of baby-killers.

It's not the speeder, however, who is eading in the organized movement for better roads.

A lot of streets and places in Alsaceforraine are due to get back their

Paris now has a demand for all the gayety she can produce—and she is some producer.

Our idea of a rich man is one who doesn't have to wait till pay day to get a haircut.

A few fellows are almost unknown in their home towns until they are ar-

rested elsewhere. By this time the German people should have a pretty definite idea of

Unfortunately the inventor of the phrase "buttle-scarred veteran" didn't copyright his work.

who won the war.

The dogs of war are being pretty well leashed, but lots of the war dog-

gerel is still at large. Without any war to distract public attention, the next loan shrould be a

still greater success. It is safe to assume that Germany will not look upon its new meal ticket as a mere scrap of paper.

The war certainly cannot be blamed for an increase in the price of snow

The end of the war brings the old familiar growl from watch dogs of the

And now coffee is going higher. Is there a conspiracy on to force us to

How can a jail attendant ever feel

easy in the presence of shoplifters and pickpockets? Reconstruction may be relied on to

prevent any more workless days for years to come. Germany's hatred of England in-

creases, which fact in nowise dis-

tresses England. Sugar restrictions are off, but good habits acquired during the war need

not be abandoned. Speed the days when pies are nor-

mal and doughnuts resume their pristine indigestibility i One inexplicable phase of human

to see a dog-faced girl.

INFLUENZA

Circular Letter No. 1, from State Council of Defense of California, Ferry Building, San Francisco, California, January 17, 1919.

What It Is

It is a disease caused by influenza bacilli which lodge in the throat. pharynx and nasal passages. As a result of the attacks of these bacilli some persons become ill; others with more resistance become "carriers" and go about, unknowingly, spreading the disease whenever they cough, sneeze or spit.

The Symptoms

The first symptoms are headache, backache, pains in the muscles, chilliness, a marked general sickness and fever. The disease has been known to begin with nausea, vomiting and

abdominal pain. Care of Disease

Absolute quiet is the recommendation of nearly all physicians. If you become ill, go to bed and stay there. Failure to do this often results in serious complications, chiefly pneumonia. The room should be well vertilated, the windows open, and you should have enough bed clothing to keep you warm. Partake of nourishing food, such as milk, eggs and broth every four hours. Keep the bowels open with Epsom salts or phosphate of soda. Call a physician and stay in bed until he tells you it is safe to get up.

Transmission

How It Is Spread Influenza is transmitted from one person to another chiefly by the spray thrown off in sneezing, coughing and spitting. It is also-spread by the use of common towels, drinking cups. eating utensils and other objects that have been contaminated by patients or "carriers," and which have not been properly disinfected before being used handled by others.

How To Prevent It

If you must cough, sneeze or spit, particularly if you have a "cold" do so in your handkerchief. This rule applies to everyone whether ill or not. Wear a gauze mask. (Experiments. with masks, conducted by the health authorities of many cities, seem to justify the conclusion that these are at least a partial reventative.)

Don't go in the sick room unless

iécessary. Don't use articles coming from the sick room until they are boiled. Don't allow visitors and don't go

Don't fail to keep your house free

rom dampness. Don't fail to wear a mask that will cover both the nose and the mouth while in attendance on the sick.

Don't permit any one to sleep in he same room with the patient. Don't fail to wash your hands each time you come in contact with the

patient. Don't neglect your own health (eat wholesome food; get sufficient sleep in a well ventilated room; keep warm, walk in the fresh air daily.) Don't get hysterical over the epi

Notwithstanding the report from other sections of the county there nature is why people will pay 10 cents are only four light cases of flu in Paso Robles

Use Your Electrical Christmas Present

OU should make use of your electrical Christmas present every day in the year. Shey afford a saving of time, labor and expense.

Every appliance can be used for more purpose. Ask your Electrical dealer to tell you how they may be used. Help yourself and others by using your electrical appliances every day.

San Joaquin Light and Power Company

Why Send To Another City

For Your Groceries

Farmers This Should be of Interest to You This week and weeks before we have compared our prices with San Jose stores as well as San Francisco. A trial order will convince you of what the Grocerteria will save you. Send to us for prices before

you buy your winter supplies. It will pay you well. Our government recommends the Grocerteria Plan. I am told tha there are 6000 of these stores in California. And everyone speaks wel

You can always get fresh Vegetables from our vegetable stand always fresh because they are under our newly made fountain.

An Announcement ROY A. CORBALEY

announces that he has entered into a contract with

MARTIN & COUSINS

for the purchase of

Paso Robles Grocerteria

and will in the future have entire charge of the business, Signed: ROY A, CORBALEY